

Application No.: 09/884,215
Atty. Dkt.: 01-4AAF DN 7985 (ZM921-04004)

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of forming media strands comprising:
compounding a greater portion by weight of a water-soluble polymer ~~substantially only~~
with a lesser portion by weight of a selected cross-linking chemical agent with remainder by
weight being water to form a combined compound capable of preventing the water-soluble
polymer from dissolving in water including an ambient humid environment;
electrospinning said compound from at least one sharp tip source having a diameter in the
approximate range of 0.1mm to 3mm, wherein said electrospinning is conducted at a selected
pre-selected high voltage to emit nanofibers of sufficient strength and flexibility to permit media
shaping; said high voltage being selected upon the portion of the combined components and the
size of the media strands to be formed; and,
collecting said nanofibers on a selected substrate.

2. (Currently Amended) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1,
wherein said ~~greater portion by weight of a water-soluble polymer~~ comprises approximately 3%
to 50% of said combined compound and said selected cross-linking chemical agent comprises a
~~lesser portion range by weight of a dialdehyde~~ in a range of approximately 0.1% to 20% of the
total compound with the balance by weight being water.

3. (Currently Amended) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1,
wherein said ~~greater portion by weight of a water-soluble polymer~~ comprises approximately 3%
to 50% of said combined compound, ~~and~~ said selected cross-linking chemical agent comprises a

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~~lesser portion range by weight of an acid~~ approximately 0.1% to 20% of the total said compound, and said compounding has the additional step of adding an acid, with the balance by weight of said compound being water.

4. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said compound is in liquid form.

5. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 2, wherein said compound liquid is cross-linked in acidic condition.

6. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said cross-linking chemical agent is Glyoxal ($C_2H_2O_2$).

8. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said cross-linking chemical agent is Glutaraldehyde ($C_5H_8O_2$).

9. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said cross-linking chemical agent is Maleic acid ($C_4H_4O_4$).

10. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said cross-linking chemical agent is Borax ($B_4Na_2O_7$).

11. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said water-soluble polymer is polyvinyl alcohol.

12. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said cross-linking agent forms three dimensional submicroscopic structural molecules.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said electrospinning high voltage is in the approximate range of 3 to 100 kilovolts.

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14. (Previously Presented) The method of forming media strands of Claim 13, wherein said electrospinning high voltage advantageously is approximately 15kV.

15. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said electrospinning includes passing said combined compound from a storage zone to a pumping zone; pumping said material through an electrically insulated zone to a high voltage capillary feeding zone to emit media strands within selected fiber ranges; and, passing said emitted fibers to a substrate in a collecting zone.

16. (Previously Presented) The method of forming media strands of Claim 15, wherein said emitted strands are nanofibers in the approximate range of 0.008 to 20 cubic centimeters per minute.

17. (Previously Presented) The method of forming media strands of Claim 16, wherein said emitted strands are nanofibers advantageously 0.6 cubic centimeters per minute.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of forming media strands of Claim 15, wherein said electrically insulated zone includes porous insulating material of polytetrafluoroethylene.

19. (Original) The method of forming media strands of Claim 15, wherein said substrate is movably mounted on a grounded collector.

20. (Canceled)

21. (Previously Presented) The method of forming media strands of Claim 1, wherein said strands are warmed by a heating source at approximately 60°C to reduce surface tension.

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22. (Currently Amended) A method of forming nano fiber filter media comprising:

combining ~~a greater portion by weight of~~ approximately 3% to 50% of a polymer having polyvinyl alcohol with a cross-linking chemical agent in a range of approximately 0.1% to 20% of the total compound of ~~Glyxal~~, with the balance by weight being water, ~~having forming a~~ three dimensional submicroscopic structural molecules ~~selected to prevent preventing the~~ polymer of said water-soluble polymer from dissolving in water including partial dissolution in an ambient humid environment;

with storing selected quantities of said combined compound ~~being placed~~ in a storage zone;

passing said selected quantities of said combined compound at controlled pressure to a pumping zone including a set of spaced parallel fine gear pumps arranged to pump fine streams of filter media strands surrounded by spaced insulating material through a porous electrically insulated zone ~~advantageously formed from~~ having polytetrafluoroethylene into a high voltage capillary feeding zone ~~including~~ having spaced metal capillary tubes such as copper charged by high voltage generation in the voltage range of 3kV to 100kV so as to emit ~~nanofibers~~ nanofiber filter strands from a source in the approximate range of 0.1mm to 3mm and at a volume in the range of 0.008 to 20 cubic centimeters per minute; and,

passing said nanofiber filter strands from said source, ~~warmed to approximately 60°C~~ to a porous filter media substrate such as a selected porous paper sheet moveable, mounted on a grounded rotatable drum in a collector zone.

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23 – 47. (Canceled)

48. (Currently Amended) A method of forming media strands comprising:

compounding a greater portion by weight of a water-soluble polymer ~~substantially only~~ with a lesser portion by weight of a selected cross-linking chemical agent with the remainder by weight being water to form a combined compound capable of preventing the water-soluble polymer from dissolving in water including an ambient humid environment;

electrospinning said compound at selected high voltage to emit nanofibers of sufficient strength and flexibility to permit media shaping; and,

collecting said nanofibers on a selected substrate, wherein the voltage is in the approximate range of 3 to 100 kV, wherein said combined compound comprises approximately 3% to 50% by weight of the water soluble polymer and said cross-linking chemical agent comprises approximately 0.1% to 20% of the ~~total~~ compound by weight and said cross-linking chemical agent has a chemical agent selected from the group consisting of at least one of an acid, or a dialdehyde, and combinations thereof, with the balance by weight of said compound being water.

49. (New) A method of making media strands comprising:

compounding a water soluble polymer with a lesser portion of a cross-linking chemical agent in a water containing solution forming a compound; and

electrospinning said compound forming said media strands in a range of approximately 0.008 to 20 cubic centimeters per minute.

50. (New) A method of making media strands comprising:

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compounding a water soluble polymer with a lesser portion of a cross-linking chemical agent in a water containing solution forming a compound; and
electrospinning said compound from at least one sharp tip source having a diameter in the approximate range of 0.1mm to 3mm forming said media strands.